How to Craft a Winning Compensation Strategy



Today's Presenters



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Today's Agenda

- Why create or rethink a compensation strategy?
- The compensation strategy journey
- What to do once you have your strategy

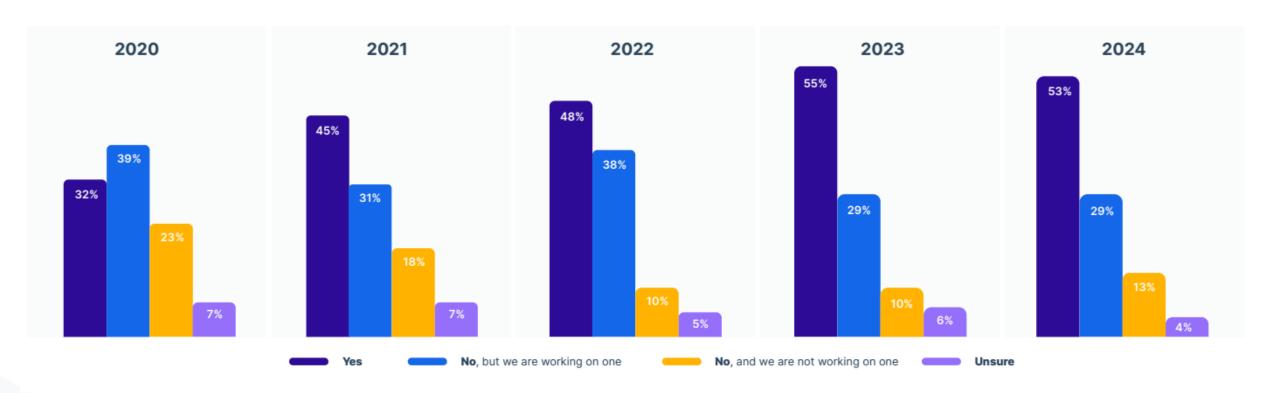


Why Create or Rethink a Compensation Strategy?



An effective comp strategy remains to be critical...

Does your company have a formal compensation strategy/philosophy?



Compensation philosophy vs strategy?

Compensation philosophy:

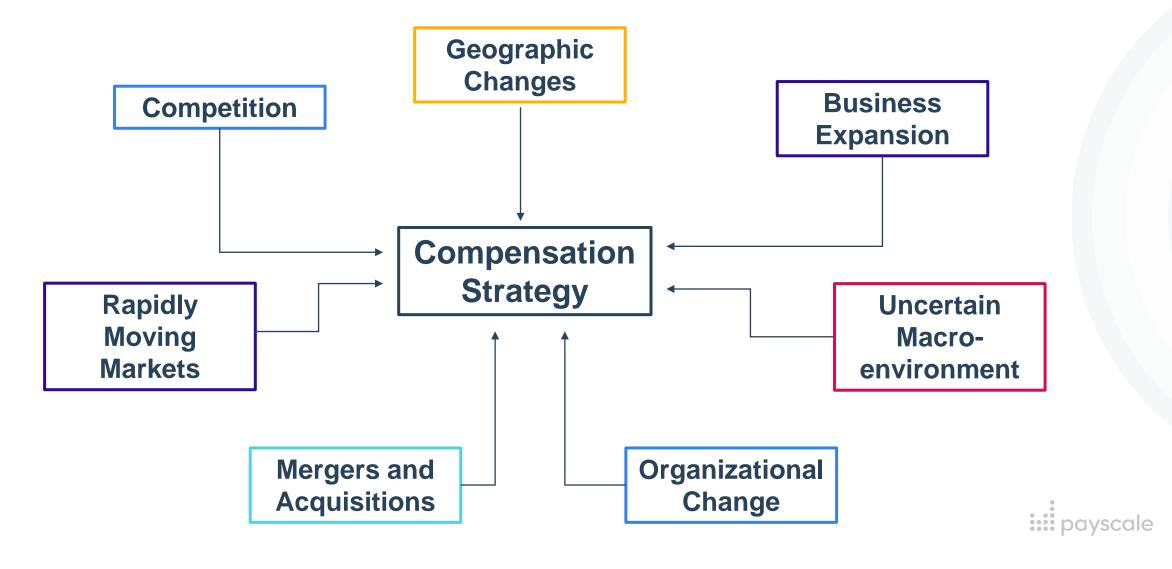
A compensation philosophy is simply a company's position about employee compensation. It explains the "why" behind employee pay and creates a framework for consistency. It outlines and supports the organization's strategic plan and initiatives, business goals, competitive outlook, operating objectives, and compensation and total reward strategies.

Compensation strategy:

A compensation strategy is **your company's approach to compensating employees** in terms of pay and benefits. It communicates to employees the definition of the organization's position regarding pay, and typically includes a definition of external competitive market and internal equity objectives, definition of pay programs that will be utilized and why, and information about how plans will be administered. It should support the organization's mission, goals and objectives and align with its culture.



A comp strategy will be your navigating guide in the face of...



Where do you start....



Questions to help determine where you are on your journey

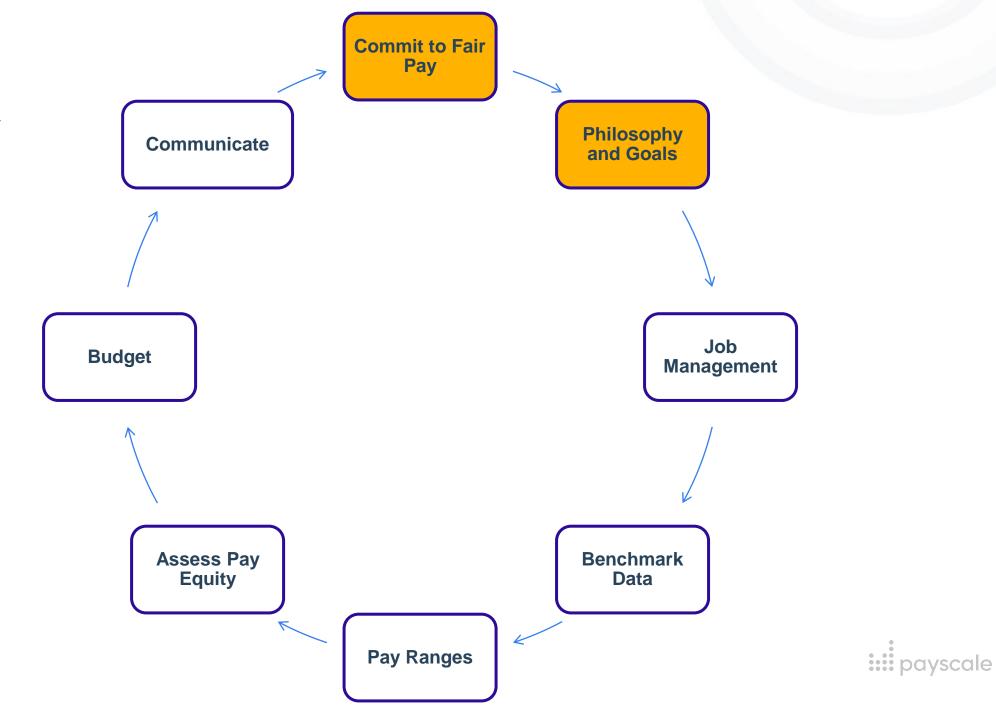
- Do you have a leveling structure? Are your employees in the right level?
- What data sources are you currently using?
- Are you currently using pay ranges?
- What locations are you currently operating in and what's your remote pay strategy?
- What level of transparency are you currently at and where do you want to be?
- When are you thinking about pay equity or fair pay?



Poll: Which stage of the comp strategy journey is the most challenging for you (or do you think will be)?

- A. Commit to Fair Pay
- B. Philosophy and Goals
- C. Job Management
- D. Benchmark Data
- E. Pay Ranges
- F. Assess Pay Equity
- G. Budget
- H. Communicate





Shift the mindset around fair pay

Challenge

- Identifying risk & exposure
- Is the data to sensitive to collect?
- How will I find budget?
- How do we protect what we find?
- Fear on how to disclose outcomes

Opportunity

- Positive brand and reputation
- Improved trust & transparency
- Increased diversity in workforce
- Increased employee engagement
- Improved company performance

Where does Fair Pay fit in?



Improves employer brand and reputation



Reduces employee attrition rates



Reduces time and costs related to recruitment



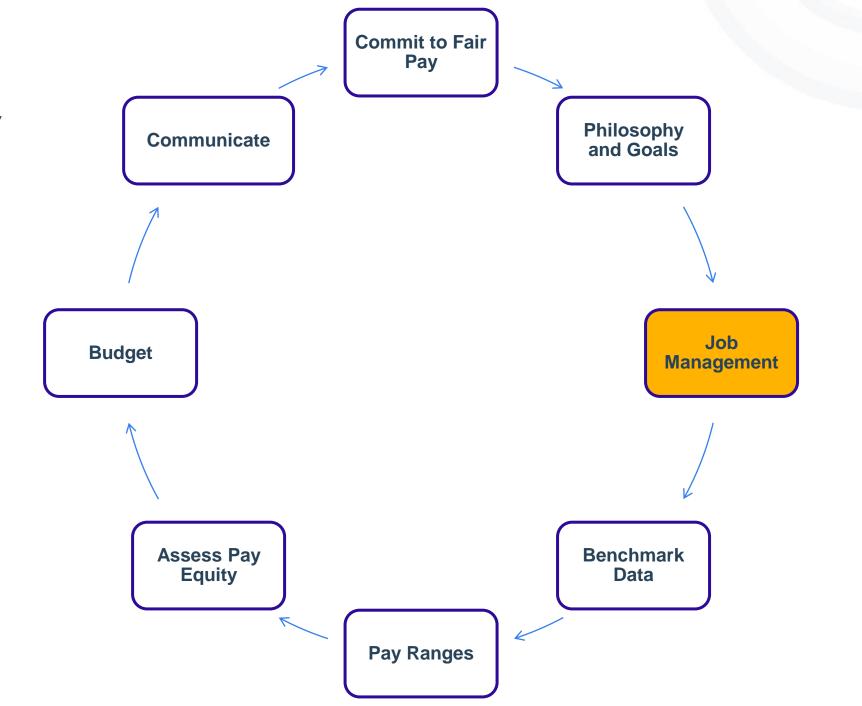
Aligns business practices with legislation



Define Your Philosophy and Goals

- Align to your company's mission and values
- Assess internal and external landscape including talent market and any pressures
- Organize goals around key business objectives
 - Company priorities
 - Talent goals (hiring and retention)
 - Staying competitive
 - Sustainable comp approach
 - Business impact/financial impact





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Why is managing your jobs important?

Business Alignment

Business goals guide compensation strategy decisions

Internal/External Equity

- Clarifies market and internal value for each job
- Provides a way to manage employee pay effectively
- Ensures pay equity

Budget

Quantifies compensation costs and enables budget decisions

Communication

- Creates a tool for managers to talk with employees about development
- Provides room to reward employees based on performance, experience, etc.



Job Management





Thinking about data sources

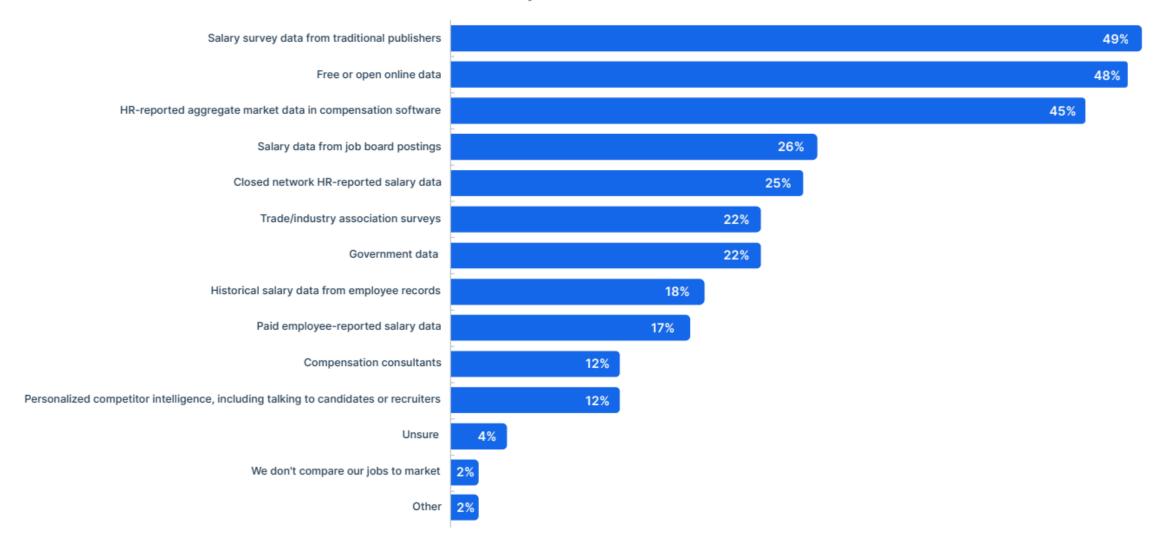
How will this data support your strategy

- How do we define our competitive set?
- Where do we want to be relative to the competition, namely lead, meet or lag?
- How does this data support our compensation program goals, such as drive performance or reward longevity?

Tips for data selection for your organization

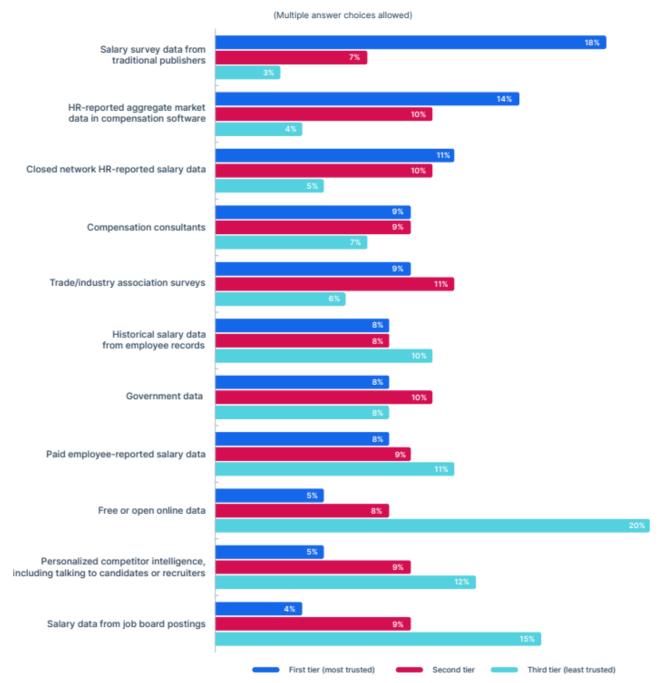
- Select data specific to your geography, industry, size of org, and type of org
- Choose data that covers a variety of compensable factors (skills, experience, education, etc.)

Which sources do you use to obtain market data?



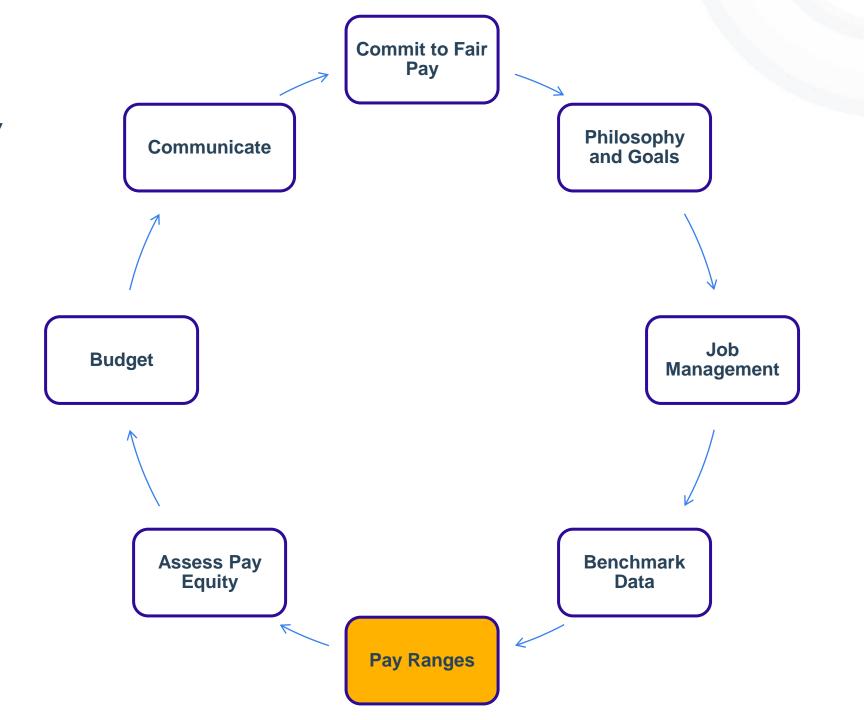


Rank sources by how much you trust and rely on them for accuracy in market pricing.



Source: 2024
Compensation Best
Practices Report

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Pay Structures: Determining Range Guidelines

Minimum Midpoint Maximum



\$50,000

\$65,000

\$73,000

Range Minimum

Employees new to the role

Employees with lower performance or proficiency

Range Midpoint

Employees proficient in their role

Employees with good performance

Aligns with the market

Range Maximum

Employees with high performance

Employees with demonstrated high proficiency and experience



Create pay ranges

Job Based Ranges

- Ranges built around market value for a job at the target percentile
- Individual pay range for every benchmarked job
- Simple to set up and update
- Good for "hot jobs" and smaller orgs
- Can be difficult to administer for orgs with many jobs
- Range value may change year to year depending on the market

Grade Based Ranges

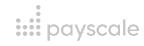
- Jobs grouped by market, organizational value and responsibility level
- Each grade has a base pay range
- Can easily level positions
- Can "slot" non-benchmark jobs
- Ability to keep current to market year-to-year
- Simpler to maintain and administer for many jobs
- Often a good fit for larger organizations

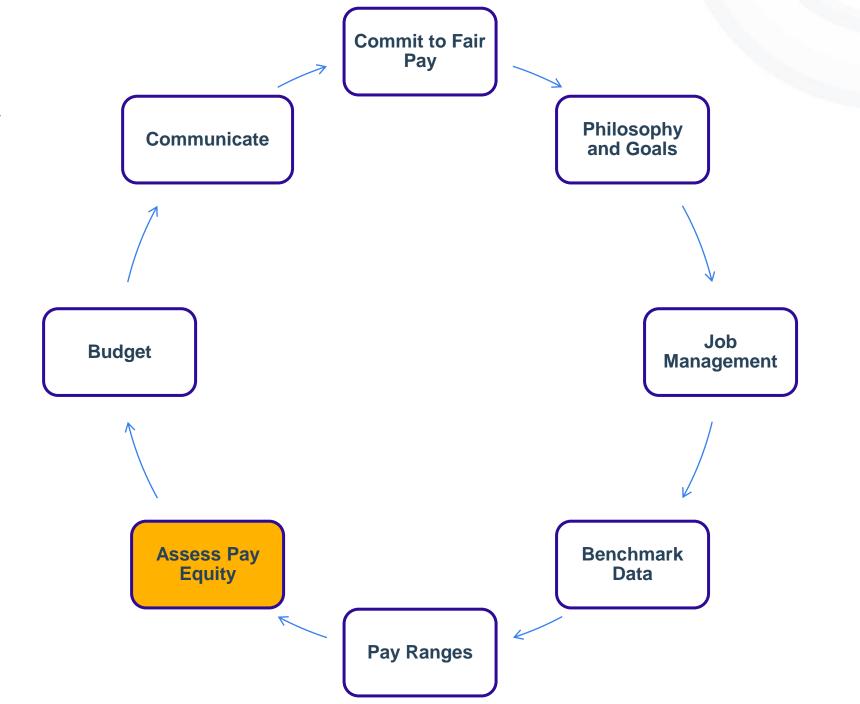
Poll: Does your organization have a formal pay structure?

- A. Yes
- B. No, but we are working on one
- C. No, and we are not working on one
- D. Unsure







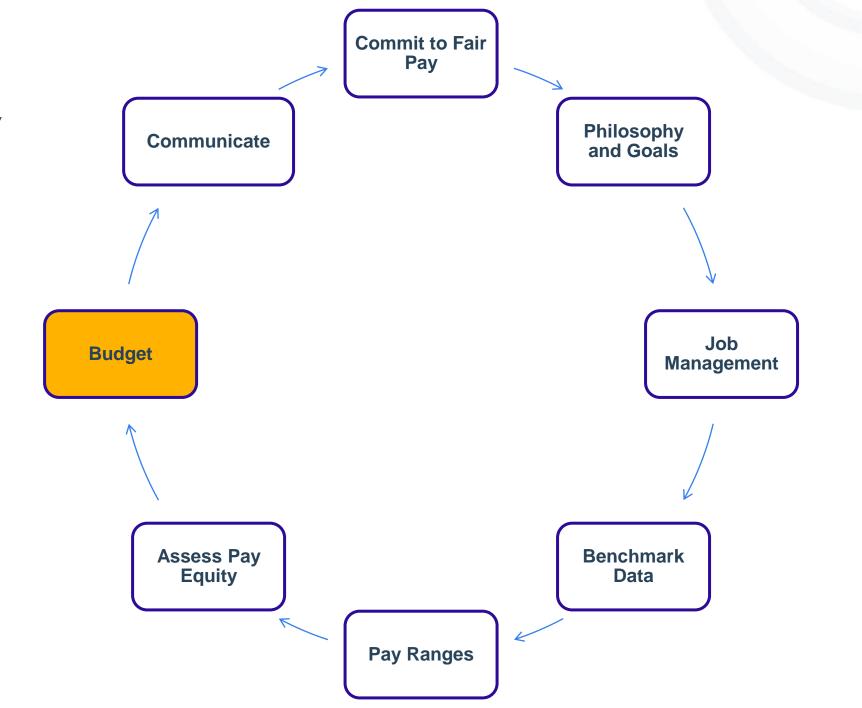


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Questions to consider before tackling pay equity?

- What is your company's **current position**? Have you done any analysis before?
- What are your **goals**? Is it purely **legislative compliance** or is it because you believe this is the **right thing** to do? Have you been compelled to do this by the **employee voice** or is it to improve your **employer brand** and drive talent acquisition?
- Who are your stakeholders? They need to be considered (typically employees, executive team, shareholders, and customers) as you position on pay equity, as it can influence your brand reputation. You need to engage relevant stakeholders throughout the process. What do you want them to know about the process?
- What will pay parity mean for you? Many companies have publicly declared pay parity, yet few have closed the average pay gap to zero. So, when they have declared pay parity it usually means from an equal pay perspective.
- What protected category groups do you plan to use?
- Which types of analysis do you plan to conduct?
- Do you wish to load the salary range mid-point or a market data benchmark to enhance your analysis? Do you generally calculate pay on a mean or median basis? Do you plan to affect **individual pay remediation** as a result of this analysis?
- When do you plan to affect pay remediation as part of your next compensation review if so, when is this?
- How often do you plan to conduct pay equity analysis going forward?





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Budgeting

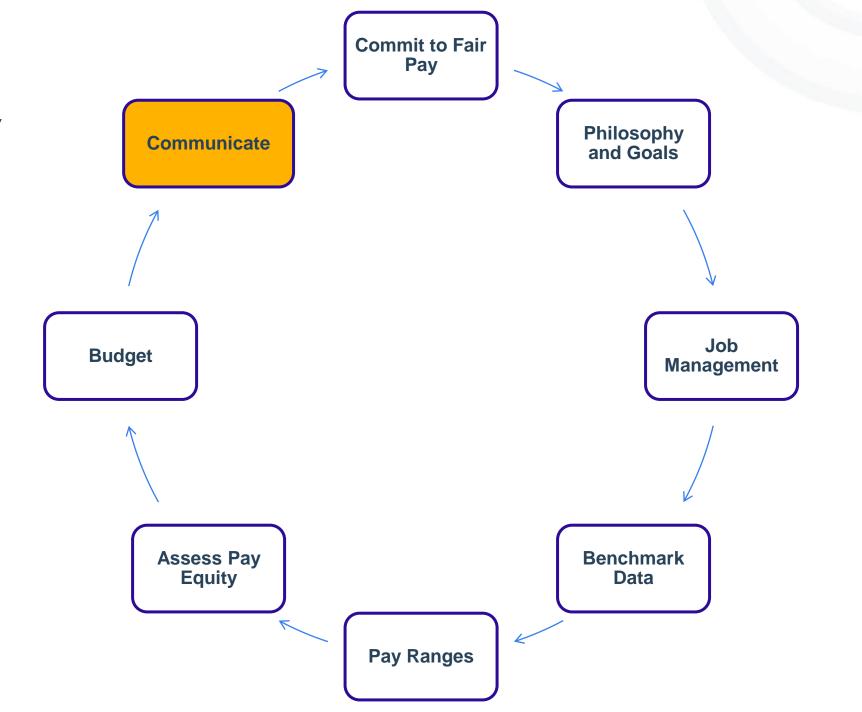
Understand your budget approval process



Desired outcome from the company and employee perspective







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Pay communications best practices

Ensure you have a pay philosophy in place

Determine the level of transparency

Give employees what they need up front

Create total rewards communications

Train managers how to communicate about pay

Communicate about pay all year long

The pay transparency continuum

1. What

Your organization tells employees when and what to expect on their paycheck.

2. How

Your organization shares some market data with employees.

3. Where

Your organization has a comp plan and shares pay ranges with individual employees.

4. Why

Your organization's comp plan reflects org culture, drives talent strategy, and is open to EEs.

5. Whoa

Ranges and employee pay information is available to all employees.

On average, an increase of one transparency level rating is associated with a decrease of 30 percent in the odds of seeking a new job.





What's Next?



What are the next steps?











Adjust alongside your business

Decide when to revisit

Figure out how to loop this into your talent strategy

How are you communicating the work and impact

Lay out methodology and gather feedback



Final Tips



Be fluid, everything is subject to change



It is a continuous process, doesn't have to be 100%



Work closely with leadership



Take your time and sit with it, not an easy task



Celebrate wins (especially right now)

Q&A

Feel free to ask any questions in the chat!

Interested in how Payscale can help you at each stage of your compensation journey?

Request a demo of Payscale's compensation management software in the poll tab!

