Navigate the Changing Pay Transparency Legislation Landscape



Today's Presenters:





Ruth Thomas

Chief Evangelist Payscale

Lulu Seikaly

Senior Corporate Attorney- Employment

Payscale



Today's Agenda

- H1 update of pay transparency legislation
 - US
 - Canada
 - EU
 - UK
- Preparing to meet pay transparency requirements
- Q&A

H12024 Legislative recap

THEF

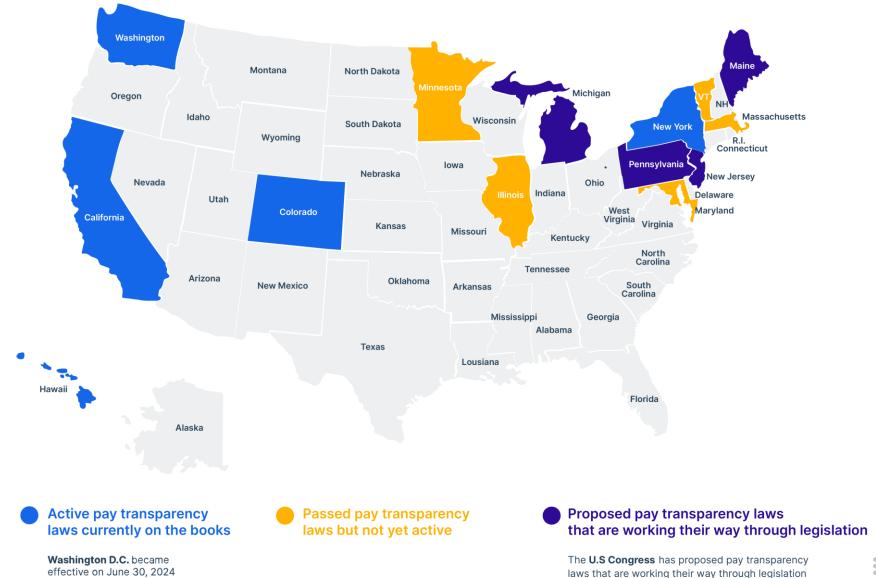
Global Legislative Recap



;;;; payscale

North America

Pay Transparency US Legislative Landscape



::: payscale

Maryland

Effective: October 1, 2024

- Who: employers posting a role that will physically be performed, at least in part, in Maryland.
- <u>What:</u> a good faith wage range *and* a general description of benefits *and* any other compensation offered for any internal or external job postings.
- Proposed Penalties: Commissioner can issue penalties up to \$600/violation
- Other considerations: must keep a record of compliance for 3 years after a role is filled or if not filled 3 years from when the job was posted. Also implemented a salary history ban.



Effective: January 1, 2025

- <u>Who:</u> employers with 15 or more employees, posting a job that will be physically performed, at least in part, in Illinois *or* will be physically performed outside Illinois but reports to a supervisor, office, or other worksite in Illinois.
- What: wage or salary or wage or salary range + general description of benefits and other compensation
 - E.g. bonuses, stock options, or other incentives
 - Range: look to any previously determined range for the role, the actual range of others in equivalent positions, or budgeted amount for role.
 - Proposed Penalties: \$500 first offense, \$2,500 second offense, \$10,000 third or subsequent offense. Curing period/warning—14 days to remedy.
 No cure period for 5 years after third offense.

Minnesota

Effective: January 1, 2025

- <u>Who:</u> employers with 30 or more employees working in Minnesota
 - Silent on remote work
- What: good faith salary range + general description of benefits and other compensation
 - "Other Compensation": not limited to any health or retirement benefits
- Proposed Penalties: Minnesota Dept of Labor and Industry and Minnesota AG have authority to investigate and enforce the law. No specific penalties outlined.

Vermont

Effective: July 1, 2025

- <u>Who:</u> employers with 5 or more employees who post jobs that must be physically performed in Vermont or performed remotely that reports to an office in Vermont.
- What: must post the "minimum and maximum annual salary or hourly wage for a job opening expected at the time of the posting."
 - Applies to internal and/or external candidates and promotions/transfers
 - No need to post anticipated commission
 - Tipped roles must disclose the fact and include base salary or salary range for the role.
- Proposed Penalties: Attorney General can file a lawsuit. Employers may have to pay restitution of wages or other penalties.

Massachusetts

Effective: July 31, 2025

- Who: employers with 25 or more employees in Massachusetts
- <u>What:</u> "annual salary range or hourly wage range that the covered employer reasonably and in good faith expects to pay for such position at that time."
 - Applies to promotion, transfer, or a new role with different responsibilities.
 - Must provide range upon request
- Proposed Penalties: first violation—initial warning, second violation— \$500, third violation—\$1,000, and/or enforcement action under Massachusetts General Laws.
- Other considerations: pay data reporting obligations for employers of 100 or more employees.

Canada

Prince Edward Island

- All employers (not clarified)
- Expected pay or range of expected pay for the role

British Columbia

- All employers in BC
- Expected pay or the expected pay range for a job posting

Nova Scotia,

Newfoundland and Labrador &

Ontario TBD



British Columbia Employers



Must submit

Pay Transparency Reports

# Employees	Deadline
1,000 or more	November 1, 2024
500 or more	November 1, 2025
50 or more	November 1, 2026

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	Gender Code	Hours Worked	Ordinary Pay	Special Salary	Overtime Hours	Overtime Pay	Bonus Pay



Poll 1:

What is your primary driver for adopting pay transparency?

- Compliance with legislation
- To meet employee expectations and retain employees
- To demonstrate we value our employees and reinforce culture
- As a tactic in the competition for talent
- We are not adopting pay transparency at this stage
- None of the above



Europe

Suctorjüß

EU Pay Transparency Directive

March 2021

Proposal on pay transparency introduced

December 15, 2022

EU Commission and EU Parliament reach an agreement on directive with two key parts 1) Pay Transparency Measures 2) Better Access to Justice for Victims of Pay

Discrimination

March 31, 2023 EU Parliament Passes Directive on Pay Transparency

June 2026

The EU member states deadline to implement the requirements into local law.



European Commission



Equal work deserves equal pay

And for equal pay, you need transparency. Women must know whether their employers treat them fairly. And when this is not the case, they must have the power to fight back and get what they deserve.

URSULA VON DER LEYEN

Main EU directive requirements



Germany



On May 21, 2024, at a BPM meeting in Berlin it was confirmed that Germany's transposition of the EU Pay Transparency Directive is on the fast track, likely wrapping up by the end of the legislative period. Indications are towards "lean regulations and clear process specifications period.

Even if Germany transposes the EU Directive "early" (before June 2026), it appears that reporting will not be required until June 2027.

Sweden



On May 29, 2024, the Swedish Government issued a 388-page report giving us insight into how they might transpose the EU Pay Transparency Directive into law.

While this is a preliminary/non-binding report, it does seem to indicate that Sweden may copy-paste the EU Pay Transparency Directive.

::: payscale

Ireland



From 31 May 2024 new updates to the Gender Pay Gap Information Regulations with the threshold of qualifying employers falling to 150. From 2025, this will drop further to employers with more than 50 employees.

Currently must report on data on a snapshot date falling within the month of June and have a six-month window to publish the report. In 2025 the reporting deadline will move to November, meaning that organizations will have 5 months from their snapshot date in June to report on their gender pay gap.

payscale

United Kingdom

Change of Government July 4, 2024: New Labour government is committed to "making work pay" with new legalisation set to introduce a "new deal" for working people.

The King's Speech on July 17, 2024 outlined the UK government's legislative agenda, including priorities aimed at promoting security, fairness, and opportunity for all.

Among the 40 proposed bills is the draft Equality (Race and Disability) Bill, which will expand their focus on fairness and equality in the workforce to include reporting on disability and ethnicity.







What employee reactions has your organization experienced due to pay transparency legislation (select all that apply)?

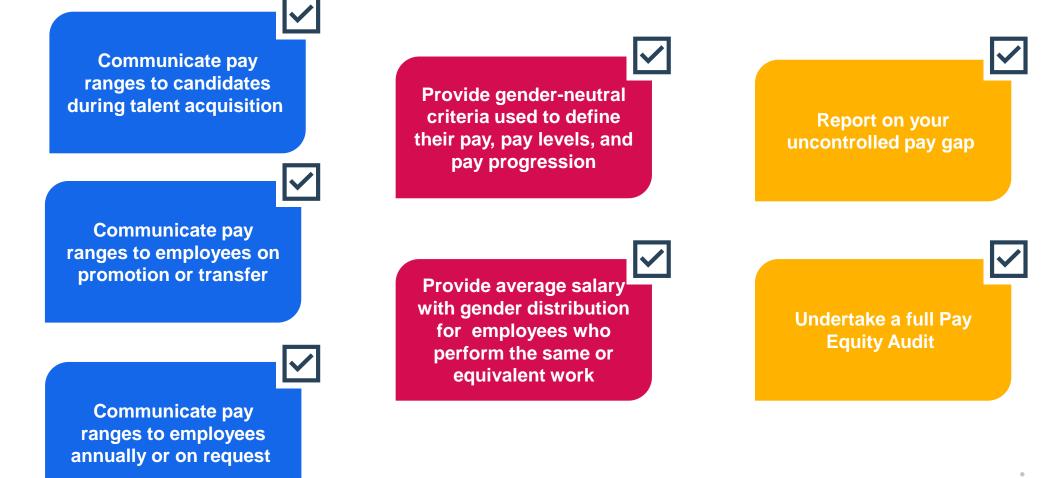
- We haven't heard anything from employees about pay transparency
- Employees have been asking more questions about their pay
- Employees have left our organization because they saw job postings with higher ranges elsewhere
- Employees have seen a job posting in our organization and realized they were being paid less for a similar job
- Employees have expressed appreciation for our transparent approach to pay
- Other (let us know in the chat)



Preparing to meet pay transparency requirements



A growing list of pay transparency requirements



::: payscale

Your pay transparency checklist



Get buy in and commit to build **transparent and consistent pay practices** with a compensation philosophy that embeds fair pay



Create a road map factoring in regulatory deadlines, requirements, your current state, and your change readiness for compliance



Understand the relevant factors that impact pay in your organization and make sure this part of your compensation philosophy



Ensure you have the **job architecture and pay structures** that allow for appropriate comparisons between groups of employees



Conduct **proactive pay equity analysis** to understand the impact of wage gaps and biases



Train managers and other stakeholders to have **effective conversations** with employees about their pay

Poll 3:

What are the main pay transparency challenges your company is facing (select all that apply)?

- Lack of knowledge of legislative requirements
- Lack of buy in from executive leadership
- Concerns over cost implications
- Lack of supporting pay structures and frameworks
- Manager capability
- Challenging questions from employees
- Other (let us know in the chat!)



Interested in a demo of how Payscale can help you in the wake of emerging pay transparency legislation?

Let us know in the polling tab of your dashboard!

Q&A

Feel free to ask any questions in the Q&A section!

